

Coalition Policy Synthesis Project

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What works?

Key CPSP Activities

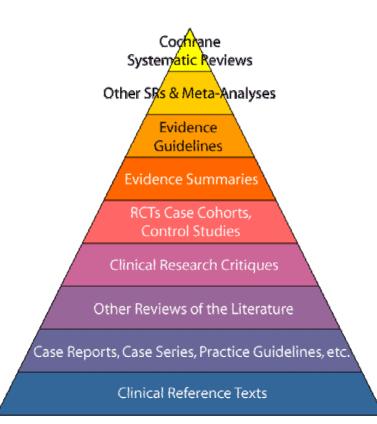
- Literature review to distinguish
 - What we know
 - What we don't know
 - What is cutting-edge



Community Based Organizations

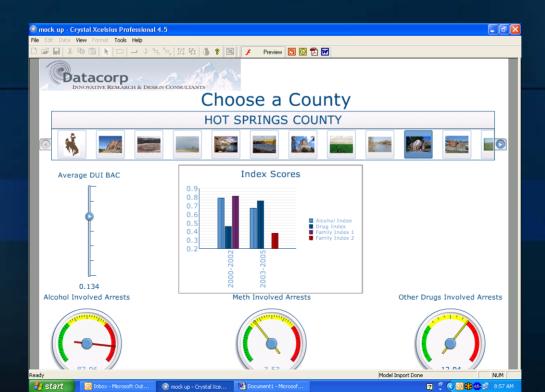
- Coalitions and task forces
 - Many are "pass-throughs" for programs
 - Many employ comprehensive strategies

Evidence-Based Programs



What Should Coalitions Do?

- Activities that move the needle
- Large scale community undertakings



Community Initiatives

- Ambitious, expensive, complex commitments
- Multiple organizations
- Outcomes must be produced



Are coalitions effective?

- Effectiveness is rarely tested
- Primarily process evaluations



Few evaluations of population-level change

Why is it so difficult to show "what works"?

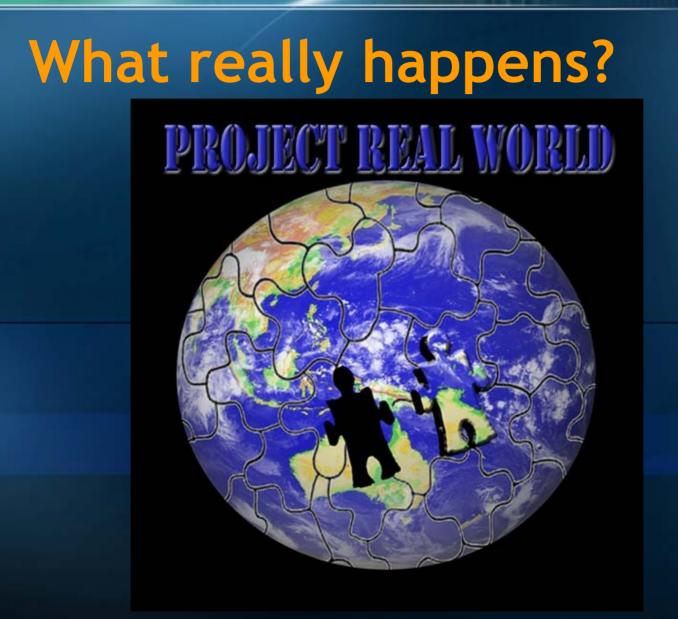
Program Development

- Well-funded research protocols
- Designed to *insure fidelity*

-Recorded sessions reviewed by supervisor

-Supervision with feedback minimizes "drift"





What is a coalition to do?

What does the literature say about "what works"?

What Does Research Say?

Coalitions are popular vehicles to address various public health concerns

BUT

Evidence is limited

Fighting Back Initiative

- Robert Wood Johnson Foundation funded
- Evaluation by Hallfors et al., 2002
 - Unfavorable findings
- Green & Kreuter, 2002 "we've oversold what coalitions can do"

FB Coalition Contributions to Reductions in Alcohol-Related Fatal Crashes

Hingson et al. (Injury Prevention, 2005)

- Retrospective study of 5 Fighting Back sites that attempted to reduce alcohol availability and expand substance treatment
- FB sites experienced significant reductions in alcohol-related fatal crashes
- Lessons learned:
 - Coalitions had clear goals and plans to address alcohol-related problems
 - Implemented evidence-based interventions targeting alcohol-related problems and/or interventions with plausible mechanisms to do so

Fighting Back Initiative - Coalition Factors that Foster Organizational Capacity

Zakocs & Guckenburg (Health Education & Behavior, 2007)

- Organizational capacity "the ability of local orgs to respond to systemic problems by offering new/modified policies, programs or services"
- 7 Characteristics of FB sites with greater organizational capacity:
 - Received more funds for coalition-building, Delayed establishing a new lead agency, Supportive lead agencies, Stable, participatory decision-making bodies, Collaborative leadership, Active involvement from government agencies, Effective, long-term project directors
- 4 out of the 5 coalitions in the Hingson study were coalitions that had the highest levels of organizational capacity

Relationship Between Coalition-Building Factors and Measures of Coalition Effectiveness

Zakocs & Edwards (American Journal of Prevention Medicine, 2006)

- Reviewed 26 articles
- 26 different ways to conceptualize coalition effectiveness (measuring coalition functioning and community changes)
- Found 55 coalition-building factors associated with coalition effectiveness
- Five or more studies indicated the following coalition-building factors were
 positively associated with indicators of coalition effectiveness
 - Formalization/rules
 - Leadership Styles
 - Active member participation
 - Diverse Membership
 - Member agency collaboration
 - Group cohesion

Coalitions and Evidence-Based Prevention Programs

Collins, Johnson and Becker (Substance Use & Misuse, 2007)

- Significant but small reductions in cigarette, alcohol and binge drinking rates among 10th graders
- The # of evidence-based programs implemented do no have an impact on substance use outcomes
- Some risk factors (friends' drug use and perceived availability) help explain the relationship between use of evidence-based programs and reductions in use rates

Why is evidence limited?

Merzel & D'Affitti (American Journal of Public Health, 2003)

- Methodological Issues
- Limitations of the Intervention
- Limitations of Theory

Evidence of Effectiveness of Collaborative Partnerships

Roussos & Fawcett (Annual Review of Public Health, 2000)

- 1. Coalitions can affect more distal population-level outcomes.
- 2. Coalitions can help bring about community-wide behavior change.
- 3. Coalitions can help bring about changes in the community and systems.
- 4. Certain factors affect a coalition's capacity to create community and systems change.

Factors Affecting Rates of Community and Systems Change

- Clear Vision and Mission
- Action Planning
- Leadership
- Documentation and Feedback
- Technical Assistance
- Resources to Sustain the Work
- Making Outcomes Matter

Rethinking Coalition Effectiveness

Effective coalitions can document their contributions toward population-level outcomes

Effective coalitions help bring about community changes

Effective coalitions build strong organizational capacity

Next steps

- What should coalitions be held accountable for?
- How do we build capacity of coalitions?
- How do we measure appropriate indicators of coalition contributions?

CADCA's Response to the Effectiveness Dilemma

Programs - let's get clear on this

- *Programs* can be held responsible for what they do for their customers.
- Communities must take collective responsibility for the well-being of the children, adults and families who live there.

PERFORMANCE MEASURE

• A measure of how well a program, agency or service system is working.

1. How much did we do?

2. How well did we do it?

3. Is anyone better off?

Communities must take *collective responsibility* **for** the creating conditions of well-being for children, adults and families who live there.

Systems Thinking

 Are you changing the context in which people behave?

 Can you document community systems change?

Population-Level Results

 What would these conditions look like if we could see or experience them?

Where is the data and how do we show a population-level change?



"My question is: Are we making an impact?"

How do we know if we're making a difference

Bottom-line evidence from data

 To show how large-scale initiatives and broad strategic approaches make a difference in population level data

Wake me up

when the data is over



Measures of Community Well-Being

• How can we measure these conditions?

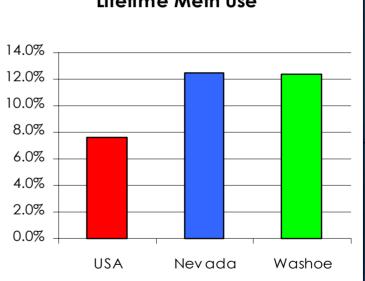
 How are we doing on the most important measures?

Indicators & Baselines

- What's the story behind the indicators?
- But why?
- But why here?

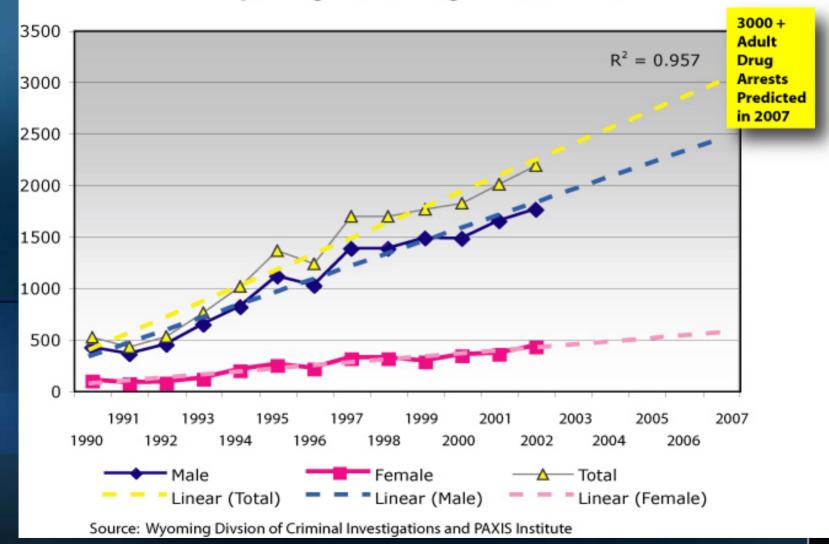
Meth use in our youth

- Nationwide, 7.6% of high school youth report having used Meth "at least once" •
- In Nevada and Washoe \bullet County, 12.5% and 12.4% of high school students respectively report lifetime use of meth
- The rate of Meth use is • 1.6 times the national average

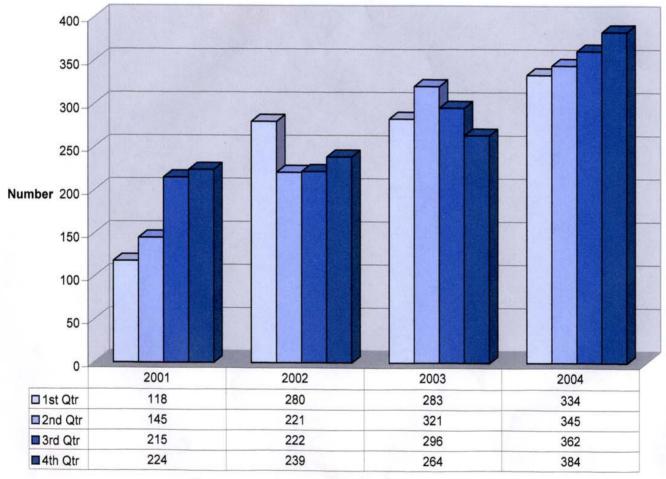


Lifetime Meth Use

Wyoming Adult Drug Arrest Trends

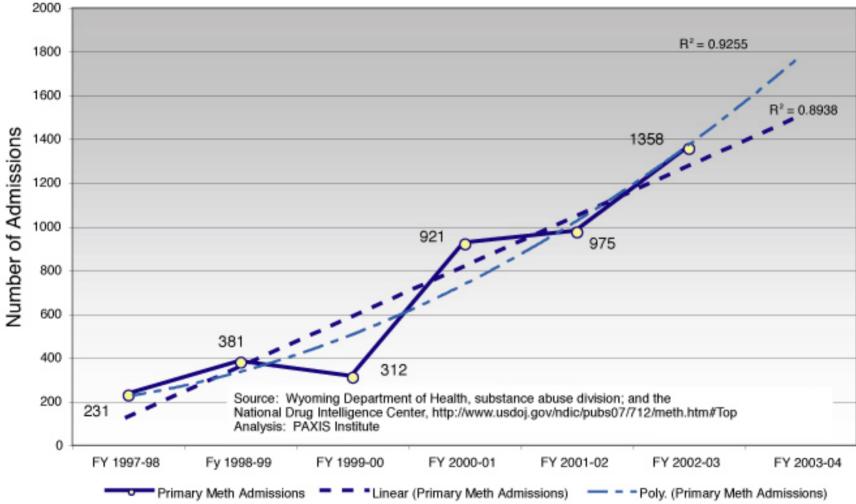


Wyoming Department of Corrections- Division of Field Services Total Positive Drug Screens for Methamphetamines

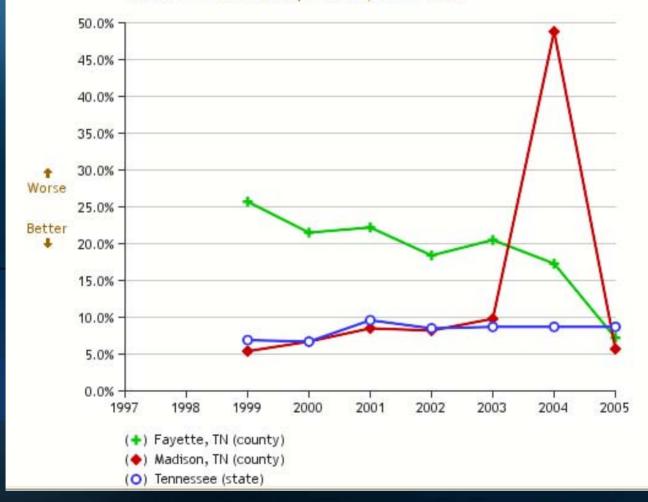


Year-Quarter

Primary Admissions for Methamphetamine Addiction at Wyoming Mental Health and Substance Abuse Centers



Percent of School Suspensions, 1997-2005



ACTION PLAN

What works, what could?

What do we propose to do?

What can we do to get better?

Population Level Change

»Programs
»Practices
»Policy

Effective Strategies from the Real World

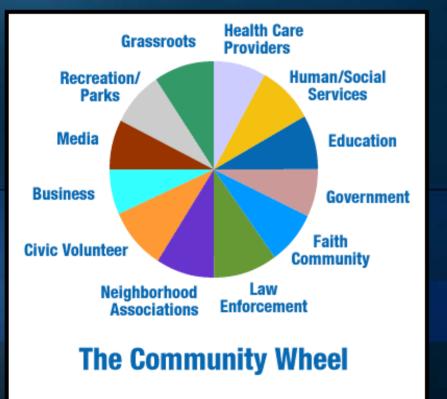
Two Success Stories

• Casper, Wyoming

Laramie County and the City of Cheyenne



Keys to Initial Success





www.MarinInstitute.org

Leadership IS Everything

- Coalition leadership
- Members who are also leaders
- Get the message out frequently



• Get the community on-board - not the STP

Know Thy Community

- What other coalitions exist?
- Who are the members?
- How are activities coordinated?



- How do members transition from planning to action?
- What barriers keep your community from moving?

Successful Strategies

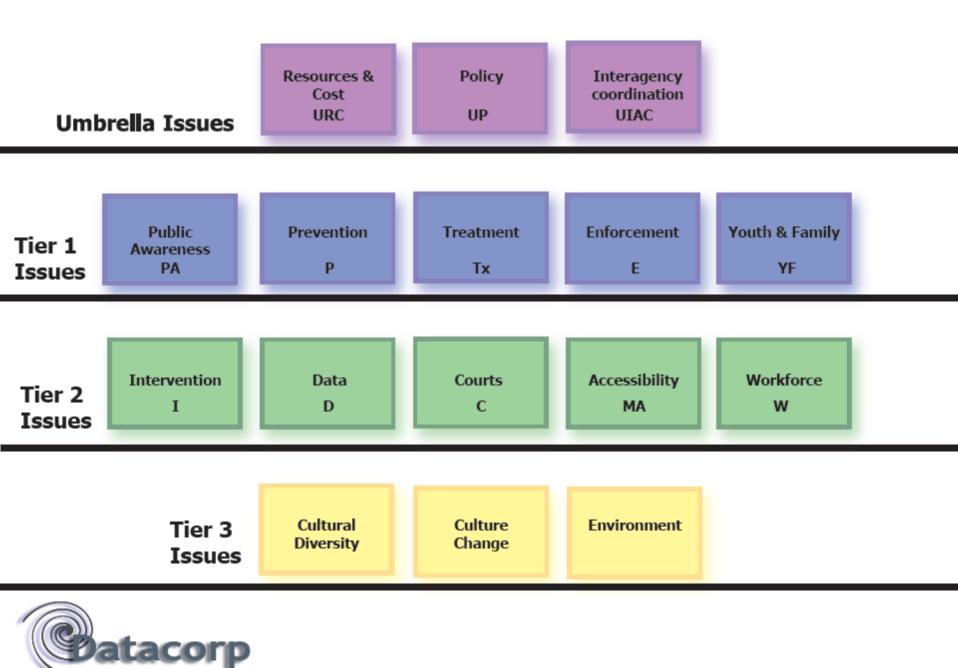
Include all community sectors

• Participants are decision makers

• Multiple initiatives on multiple levels



Laramie County Methamphetamine Issue Map



Innovative Research & Design Consultants

Laramie County Methamphetamine Strategy Map

URC#1: Grant writing URC#2: Inventory resources URC#3: Self-supported Treatment URC#4: Hire resource coordinator URC#5: Assemble volunteers URC#6: Survey community for ideas URC#7: Celebrity sponsors URC#8: Fundraising dashboard URC#9: Youth success stories		 UP#1: Increase malt beverage tax UP#2: Liquor Commission revenues UP#3: Promote consistent prevention policy UP#4: Hire meth coordinator UP#5: Increase state & local funding for substance abuse problems 			 UIAC#1: Single state agency for substance abuse services UIAC#2: One-stop Tx center UIAC#3: Interagency coordination model UIAC#4: Objective fund disbursement UIAC#5: Laramie County Coordinator 		
PA#1: Community talks PA#2: Billboards PA#3: Multi-media campaign PA#4: Homeowner info packet PA#5: Utility bill insert	P#2: Yo P#3: Dr P#4: Gr P#5: Ex P#6: Yo P#7: Yo P#7: Yo P#8: K- P#9: Re P#10: Er P#10: Er P#11: Mi P#12: Hi P#13: Al	/eed & Seed Grant outh mentoring program rug-free events roup coordination xpand Head Start outh leadership council outh & family activities -12 drug education ecovery coalition ngage faith-based groups linimize open campus ire more resource officers lcohol task force oordinate regional meth act	TX#5: TX#6: TX#7: TX#8: TX#9: TX#10: TX#11:	Adolescent residential Increase adult residen Tx resource guide 24-hour help line	Tx ntial Tx nt center C tx	YF#2: YF#3: YF#4: YF#5: \ F#5: \ E#1: E#2: E#3: E#4:	Resource center Property test kits Parent empowerment training Neighborhood watch program Wraparound service fund Increase officers Target known offenders Narcotics training Increase drug dogs Community involvement

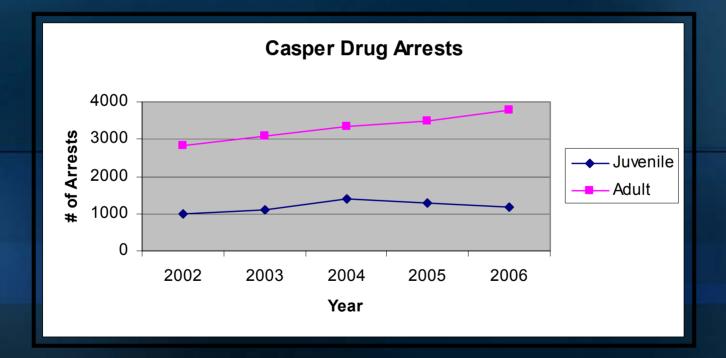
- I#1: Train interveners I#2: Raise the bottom I#3: Identify high-risk users
- D#1: Oversight committee
- D#2: Data dashboard
- **D#3:** Data reporting templates
- C#1: Lower court service accessibility C#2: Expand drug court
- W#1: Drug-testing marketing planW#2: Job training/mentoring for recoveryW#3: Incentives for drug testing

Casper Area Meth Initiative

- Criminal Justice & Law Enforcement Programs
 - 5 Goals with 46 Objectives
- Treatment Programs
 - 2 Goals with 14 Objectives
- Technology and Data Reporting
 - 1 Goal with 4 Objectives
- Prevention & Wellness Programs
 - 3 Goals with 33 Objectives



Casper Area Meth Initiative



Moving the Initiative Forward

- Laramie County Meth Initiative
 - Secured permanent office space
 - City & County jointly hired coordinator
- Casper's Weed & Seed Effort
 - Adult Drug Court
 - DCI Regional Drug Task Force
 - Nurse Family Partnership
 - World Changers



Implications for Policy Change

- •Use social marketing to build healthy communities
- Share with your neighbors and eliminate "silos"
- Focus on what most matters to your community
- If the environment is unhealthy focus on it
- Develop collaborative investments
- Build capacity and keep building
- Document your work...people listen to data
- Make outcomes matter



What can States do?

Coalition Activities

- Fund comprehensive strategies
- Focus on environmental strategies
- Train, train, train!
- Provide adequate funding for project and evaluation

Data Collection

Put some teeth in the system

Incentivize data collection

What can research do?

Research Priorities

- Use experimental designs to study effectiveness
- Use theory to select coalition factors for study
- Use theory that will explain coalition effectiveness
- Measure population-level change in health behavior

What works?



- Difficult to say with certainty
- Results are more about function than outcome
- Well-funded, well-lead comprehensive efforts

Download the Presentation

www.mjdatacorp.com

• www.cadca.org